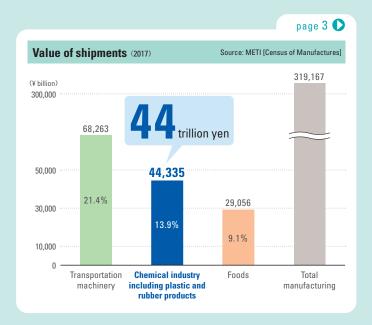
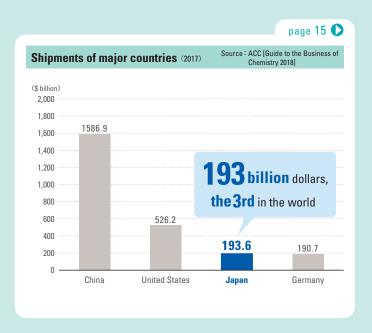
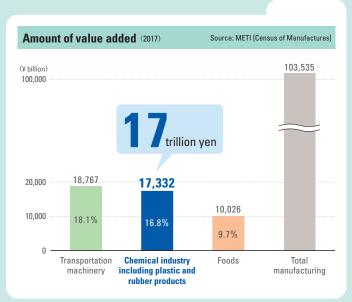


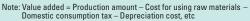
Japan's chemical industry viewed by figures and graphs

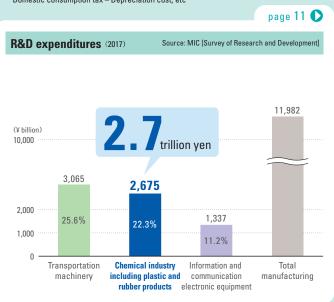


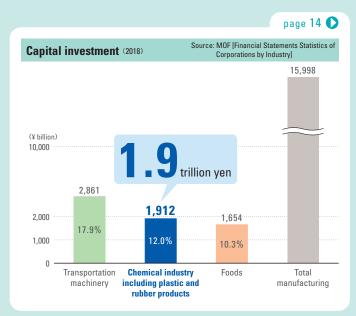












Japan's chemical industry supports people's lives and other industries

Japan's chemical industry supports innovation across entire industries by supplying materials which offer a wide range of functionality as basic ingredients for many different types of industry.

The products which are then generated bring about improvements in people's lives in every realm, the purification of water and the environment, better utilization of renewable energy, energy saving and resource saving, development of an information-based society, the advancement of medical care, a stable food supply, and the recycling of waste. They also make a significant contribution in terms of sustainable development. Such a diversified contribution is a distinctive feature of the chemical industry, one that is never seen in other industries, and one that demonstrates the infinite potential of chemistry.

The total shipments and amount of value added of "chemical industry including plastic and rubber products" amounted to Yen 44 trillion and Yen 17 trillion, respectively, in 2017, ranking those as the second biggest industry that contributes to the Japanese economy following the transportation machinery. The number of employees is about 920,000. Thus, the industry significantly supports the people's lives also in employment. Although it may be difficult for people to understand overall chemical industry because it manufactures diverse products*, we introduce the industry with data and graphs in this "Chemical Industry of Japan".

*Since the chemical industry is vast, with wide range and scope of work, content may vary depending on different classifications. Therefore, in this brochure, we have conformed to Japan Standard Industrial Classification (second classification: chemical industry). Detail of content is described on Page 5. When the standard differs, we have provided footnotes.



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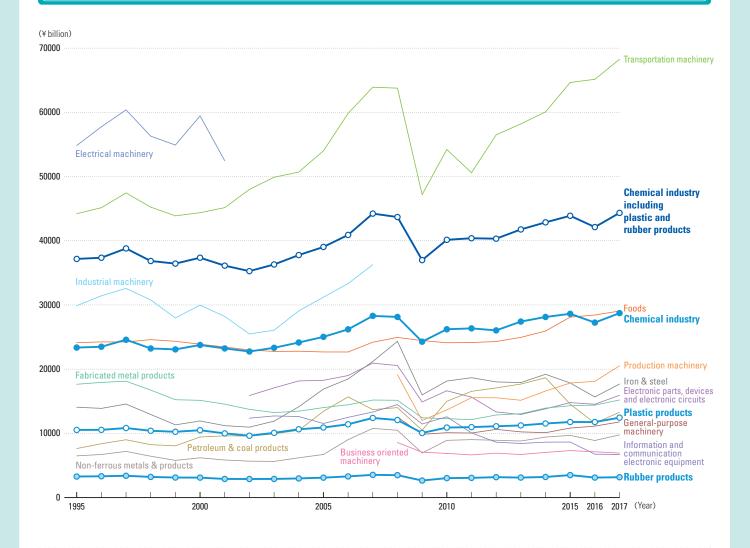
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Shipments

Total shipment value of chemical industry ranks 2nd in manufacturing industries amounting to 44 trillion yen.



Trend in shipment value (1995-2017)



(¥	bill	inn

								(† DIIIIUI1)
Year		Every 5	ith year			Recent th	ree years	
Industry	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2016	20	17
Chemical industry	23,363	23,762	25,027	26,121	28,622	27,250	28,724	9.0%
Plastic products	10,530	10,486	10,906	10,903	11,767	11,764	12,443	3.9%
Rubber products	3,275	3,107	3,029	3,029	3,499	3,113	3,168	1.0%
Chemical industry including plastic and rubber products	37,168	37,356	39,032	40,144	43,888	42,127	44,335	13.9%
Foods	24,117	23,888	22,678	24,114	28,102	28,426	29,056	9.1%
Petroleum & coal products	7,635	9,434	13,429	14,992	14,555	11,581	13,287	4.2%
Iron & steel	14,073	11,927	16,896	18,146	17,842	15,669	17,687	5.5%
Non-ferrous metals & products	6,496	6,191	6,712	8,911	9,680	8,889	9,762	3.1%
Fabricated metal products	17,646	15,143	14,016	12,292	14,306	14,399	15,199	4.7%
Industrial machinery	29,884	29,972	31,211	-	-	-	-	-
General-purpose machinery	_	_	_	10,100	10,823	11,125	11,780	3.7%
Production machinery	_	_	-	13,646	17,837	18,107	20,521	6.4%
Business oriented machinery	-	_	_	6,873	7,311	7,130	6,927	2.2%
Electrical machinery	54,831	59,449	18,812	15,120	17,366	16,388	17,259	5.4%
Information and communication electronic equipment	_	_	11,543	12,585	8,652	6,755	6,707	2.1%
Electronic parts, devices and electronic circuits	-	_	18,265	16,633	14,788	14,532	15,930	5.0%
Transportation machinery	44,215	44,367	54,000	54,214	64,654	65,141	68,263	21.4%
Others	69,965	62,752	48,760	41,338	43,324	41,917	42,454	13.3%
Total manufacturing	306,030	300,478	295,346	289,108	313,128	302,186	319,167	100.0%

(Source) METI [Census of Manufactures] (Establishments with 4 or more persons engaged)
(Note) 1 Electrical machinery was divided into electrical machinery, information and communication electronic equipment, and electronic parts and devices in 2002.
Industrial machinery was divided into general-purpose machinery, production machinery, and business oriented machinery in 2008.

Electronic circuits have been added to electronic parts and devices since 2011.

Because "other revenues" have been added to the amount of total shipment since the survey conducted in 2007, the total shipment amount cannot be compared with that in 2006.

Shipment by products/Major indices

Chemical products meet the needs of various fields.

Trend of shipments composition in chemical industry (1995-2017)

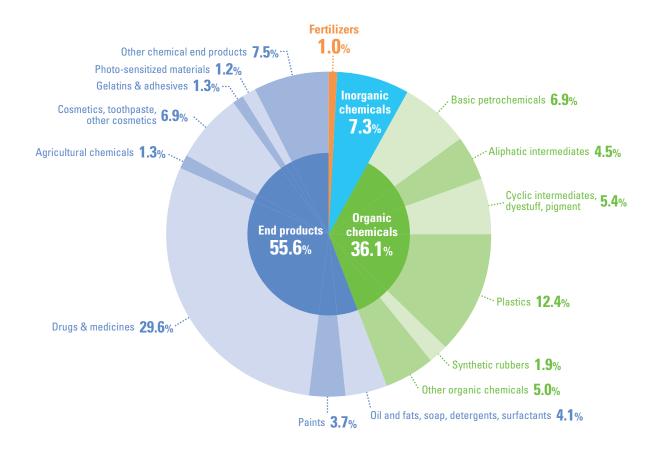


Year		Every 5	ith year		R	ecent three yea	rs
Industry	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2016	2017
Fertilizers	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
Inorganic chemicals	6.4	6.1	6.4	6.9	6.7	7.3	7.3
Organic chemicals	34.0	35.0	37.7	39.7	39.4	34.2	36.1
▶Basic petrochemicals	2.6	2.9	6.3	6.6	5.9	6.4	6.9
► Aliphatic intermediates	5.5	7.1	6.1	5.9	5.4	4.7	4.5
▶ Cyclic intermediates, dyestuff, pigment	6.9	6.1	7.6	6.8	7.4	4.9	5.4
▶Plastics	14.0	13.6	11.0	13.2	12.8	11.3	12.4
▶Synthetic rubbers	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.9
▶Other organic chemicals	3.3	3.8	4.7	5.5	6.0	5.2	5.0
Chemical fibers	3.8	3.1	1.8	_	_	_	_
End products	54.4	54.6	53.0	52.2	52.7	57.5	55.6
▶ Oil and fats, soap, detergents, surfactants	4.0	3.5	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.2	4.1
▶ Paints	4.6	4.1	3.7	4.0	3.4	3.8	3.7
▶Drugs & medicines	25.7	27.0	28.0	28.1	29.2	31.1	29.6
► Agricultural chemicals	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.3
Cosmetics, toothpaste, other cosmetics	6.4	6.0	5.6	5.3	5.4	6.6	6.9
▶Gelatins & adhesives	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.3
▶Photo-sensitized materials	4.6	4.4	2.5	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.2
▶ Other chemical end products	6.6	7.2	7.0	6.81	7.2	7.7	7.5
Chemical industry	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Chemical industry	62.9	63.6	64.1	65.3	65.2	64.7	64.8
Plastic products	28.3	28.1	27.9	27.2	26.8	27.9	28.1
Rubber products	8.8	8.3	7.9	7.5	8.0	7.4	7.1
Chemical industry in broad sense (including plastic and rubber products)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(Source) METI [Census of Manufactures] (Establishments with 4 or more persons engaged)

⁽Note) 1 Statistics of facilities with four or more employees.
2 Chemical fibers have been moved to textile industry since 2008.

Composition of chemical products shipped in 2017

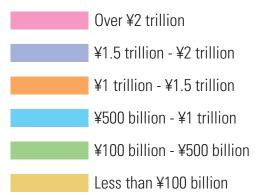


Major chemical industry indices with breakdown by product in 2017

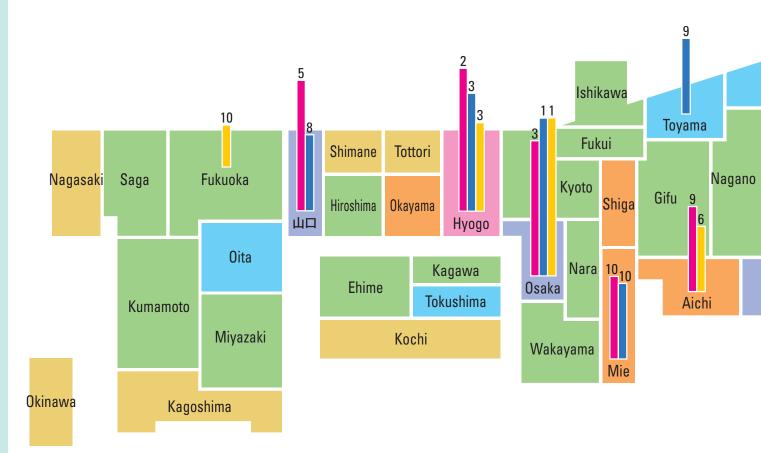
	Number of	facilities	Number of	employees	Value of s	hipments	Amount of v	alue added
Industry		%	(Persons)	%	(¥ billion)	%	(¥ billion)	%
Fertilizers	143	3.1	3,928	1.1	275	1.0	71	0.6
Inorganic chemicals	779	16.9	35,069	9.6	2,108	7.3	695	6.1
Organic chemicals	757	16.4	95,759	26.1	10,368	36.1	3,014	26.2
▶Basic petrochemicals	10	0.2	4,714	1.3	1,978	6.9	338	2.9
► Aliphatic intermediates	64	1.4	9,988	2.7	1,285	4.5	397	3.5
► Cyclic intermediates, dyestuff, pigment	137	3.0	15,670	4.3	1,558	5.4	567	4.9
▶Plastics	244	5.3	34,145	9.3	3,549	12.4	1,003	8.7
▶Synthetic rubbers	19	0.4	6,688	1.8	550	1.9	192	1.7
▶Other organic chemicals	283	6.1	24,554	6.7	1,447	5.0	516	4.5
End products	2,931	63.6	231,504	63.2	15,974	55.6	7,694	67.1
▶Oil and fats, soap, detergents, surfactants	278	6.0	15,300	4.2	1,190	4.1	560	4.9
▶ Paints	359	7.8	16,521	4.5	1,058	3.7	452	3.9
▶Drugs & medicines	757	16.4	96,423	26.3	8,496	29.6	4,424	38.6
► Agricultural chemicals	77	1.7	5,027	1.4	368	1.3	154	1.3
▶ Cosmetics, toothpaste, other cosmetics	483	10.5	42,971	11.7	1,971	6.9	1,064	9.3
▶Gelatins & adhesives	147	3.2	6,605	1.8	386	1.3	124	1.1
▶Photo-sensitized materials	42	0.9	7,486	2.1	342	1.2	153	1.3
▶Other chemical end products	788	17.1	41,171	11.2	2,162	7.5	763	6.7
Chemical industry	4,610	100	366,260	100	28,724	100	11,473	100
Chemical industry	4,610	24.0	366,260	39.9	28,724	64.8	11,473	66.2
Plastic products	12,302	63.9	435,564	47.5	12,443	28.1	4,524	26.1
Rubber products	2,325	12.1	115,472	12.6	3,168	7.1	1,335	7.7
Chemical industry in broad sense (including plastic and rubber products)	19,237	100	917,296	100	44,335	100	17,332	100

Shipment, number of employed workers and number of facilities by prefecture

Shipments of chemical products by prefecture in 2017







Hokkaido Aomori Akita **I**wate Yamagata Miyagi Fukushima Niigata Gunma 4 Tochigi ⁵ Ibaraki Saitama 4 Yamanashi Tokyo Shizuoka Kanagawa Chiba

Shipment, number of employed workers and number of facilities by prefecture in 2017.

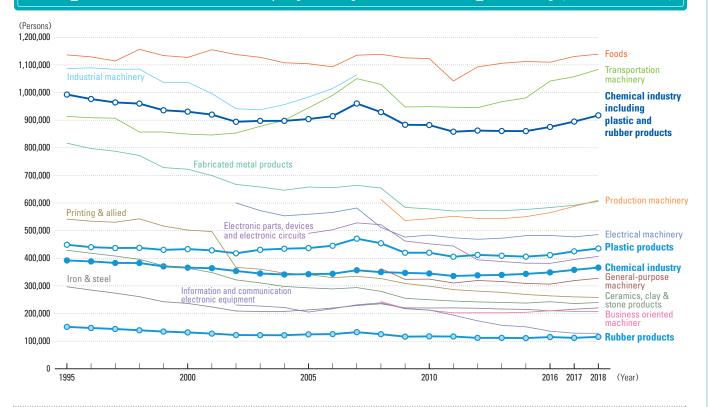
D	refecture	Value of shipments	Change from	Number of	Number of
Г	Telecture	(¥100million)	2016	employees	facilities
1	Chiba	23,222	106.0%	22,751	244
2	Hyogo	20,532	102.7%	23,104	289
3	O saka	19,414	97.8%	30,920	516
4	Kanagawa	19,362	103.1%	22,281	248
5	Yamaguchi	18,738	114.0%	14,897	86
6	Shizuoka	18,249	105.7%	23,062	186
7	Saitama	16,883	109.2%	24,102	350
8	Ibaraki	16,029	113.4%	15,756	194
9	Aichi	12,215	102.6%	14,156	213
10	Mie	11,866	107.3%	14,811	116
11		10,659	110.8%	11,320	109
12	-	10,623	104.8%	7,509	104
13	_	7,336	101.3%	14,817	123
	Tochigi	6,800	101.0%	6,495	88
	Gunma	6,433	114.4%	9,444	88
16		6,242	108.5%	7,777	73
17	_	5,770	120.9%	3,097	33
	Tokushima	5,605	104.6%	6,778	43
	Fukushima	5,167	104.6%	8,218	98
	Fukuoka	4,524	104.0%	8,147	137
	Hiroshima	4,412	104.5 %	5,870	86
	Wakayama	3,725	103.0 %	5,534	75
	Tokyo	3,610	96.1%	10,767	197
	Ehime			-	
	Gifu	3,124	103.4%	3,633	46
		3,076	102.8%	5,805	88
	Yamagata	2,858	105.8%	3,499	33
	Fukui	2,338	92.2%	3,836	54
	Kyoto	2,062	100.1%	5,601	111
	Hokkaido	1,834	97.9%	3,428	90
	Saga	1,781	90.4%	2,633	36
	Ishikawa	1,696	92.9%	2,330	32
	Miyazaki	1,675	114.6%	1,807	20
	Kumamoto	1,617	111.8%	4,097	45
	Kagawa	1,608	93.7%	3,379	42
	Nara	1,253	105.8%	3,558	74
	Nagano	1,100	97.8%	1,887	44
	Akita	807	103.5%	1,573	13
	Miyagi	780	105.6%	1,495	40
	lwate	582	80.0%	1,560	22
	Aomori	384	101.7%	553	15
	Yamanashi	361	90.6%	1,066	19
	Shimane	320	- 100 504	865	8
	Kagoshima	269	109.5%	459	21
	Nagasaki	125	99.2%	387	13
	Kochi	83	102.4%	277	14
	Okinawa	79	98.1%	752	30
47	Tottori	14	-	167	4
	Total	287,242	-	366,260	4,610

(Source) METI [Census of Manufactures] (Establishments with 4 or more persons engaged.)

Number of employed workers

About 920,000 workers are employed making the industry to rank 3rd among manufacturing industries.

Changes in the number of employees by manufacturing industry (1995-2018)



	(Pers										
Year		Every 5	ith year			Recent th	ree years				
Industry	1995	2000	2005	2010	2016	2017	201	18			
Chemical industry	392,109	365,953	342,481	344,968	348,895	358,027	366,260	4.8%			
Plastic products	448,939	433,177	436,897	420,179	411,676	425,035	435,564	5.6%			
Rubber products	151,601	131532	124,613	117,176	114,775	111,825	115,472	1.5%			
Chemical industry including plastic and rubber products	992,649	930,662	903,991	882,323	875,346	894,887	917,296	11.9%			
Foods	1,136,236	1,127,177	1,104,292	1,122,817	1,109,819	1,130,444	1,138,973	14.8%			
Printing & allied	541,688	502,184	340,890	299,038	263,891	260,164	258,298	3.4%			
Ceramics, clay & stone products	429,023	363,997	293,013	250,001	242,816	236,031	239,873	3.1%			
Iron & steel	296,824	236,525	213,056	219,983	209,748	215,684	220,408	2.8%			
Fabricated metal products	816,694	722,425	657,942	578,559	583,664	591,865	606,216	7.9%			
Industrial machinery	1,086,575	1,037,079	983,449	_	_	_	_	_			
General-purpose machinery	_	-	_	324,636	306,415	319,153	327,617	4.3%			
Production machinery	_	_	_	543,070	564,958	587,805	610,154	7.9%			
Business oriented machinery	_	_	_	211,834	210,084	207,537	206,822	2.7%			
Electronic parts, devices and electronic circuits	_	-	490,140	452,169	381,686	395,551	406,874	5.3%			
Electrical machinery	1,750,103	1,573,683	559,413	483,979	482,552	477,529	485,679	6.3%			
Information and communication electronic equipment	_	-	205,331	212,466	136,141	128,715	128,446	1.7%			
Transportation machinery	913,535	849,517	944,352	948,824	1,041,452	1,057,212	1,083,760	14.1%			
Others	3,443,831	2,877,663	2,444,572	1,134,148	1,089,220	1,068,792	1,066,905	13.8%			
Total manufacturing	10,320,583	9,183,833	8,156,992	7,663,847	7,497,792	7,571,369	7,697,321	100.0%			

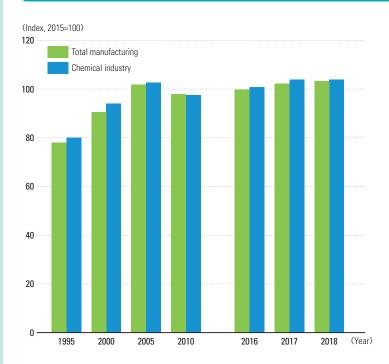
(Source) METI [Census of Manufactures] (Establishments with 4 or more persons engaged)
(Note) 1 Electrical machinery was divided into electrical machinery, information and communication electronic equipment, and electronic parts and devices in 2002. Industrial machinery was divided into general-purpose machinery, production machinery, and business oriented machinery in 2008

² Electronic circuits have been added to electronic parts and devices since 2011.

³ The figures for 2015 are not published.

Labor productivity/Working hours

Index of labor productivity (1995-2018)



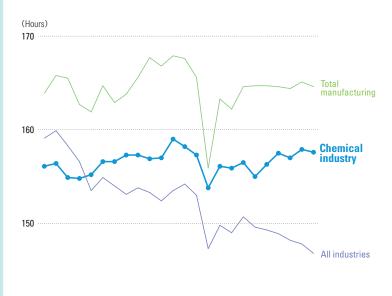
			((Index, 2015=100)				
1	ndustry	Total man	ufacturing	Chemical industry				
Year		Index	Increase rate	Index	Increase rate			
	1995	78.1	4.6%	80.1	7.8%			
Every 5th	2000	90.5	6.8%	94.0	2.3%			
year	2005	101.9	1.9%	102.7	▲0.4%			
	2010	97.9	11.5%	97.5	2.7%			
	2016	99.8	▲0.2%	100.8	0.8%			
Recent three years	2017	102.2	2.4%	103.8	3.0%			
	2018	103.2	1.0%	103.8	0.0%			

(Source) Japan Productivity Center

Since 2010, petrochemical and coal product manufactures have been included in the chemical

2 The base year was changed to 2015, in 2017.

Working hours (monthly average of total net working hours) (1995-2018)



140		ı	1	1	1			1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	L		
140	1995				2	2000	1			2	2005	i			2	010				2	015		20	18	(Year)

		(Hours,
All industries	Total manufacturing	Chemical industry

Year	ndustry	All industries	Total manufacturing	Chemical industry			
	1995	159.1	163.9	156.1			
Every 5th	2000	154.9	164.7	156.6			
year	2005	152.4	166.8	157.0			
	2010	149.8	163.3	156.1			
	2016	148.2	164.4	157.0			
Recent three years	2017	147.8	165.1	157.9			
	2018	146.8	164.6	157.6			

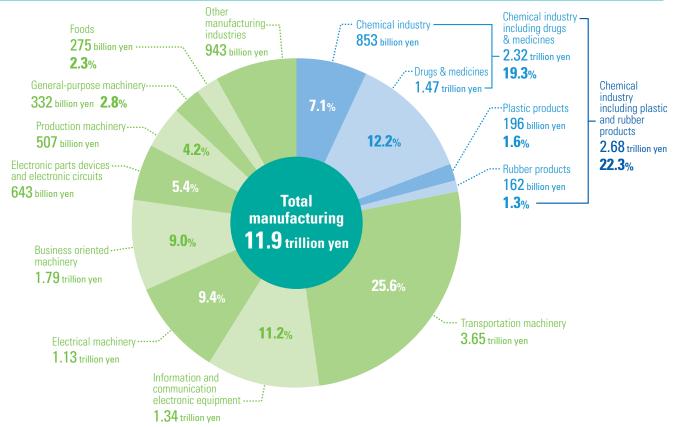
(Source) Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare [Monthly Labour Survey]

(${\tt Note}$) Since 2010, petrochemical and coal product manufactures have been included in the chemical

Research and development expenditures

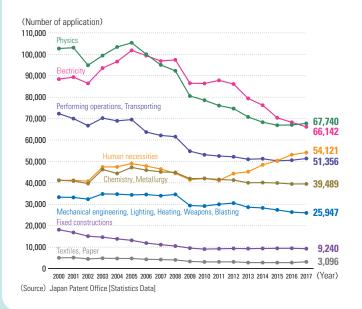
R&D expenditures of chemical industry amounted to 2.7 trillion yen.

Ratio of R&D expenditures by manufacturing industry in FY2017

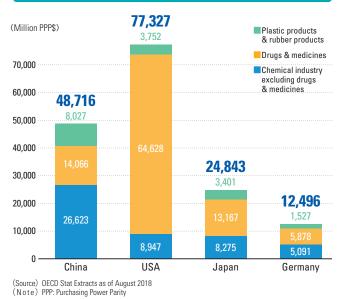


(Source) Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications [Survey of Research and Development]

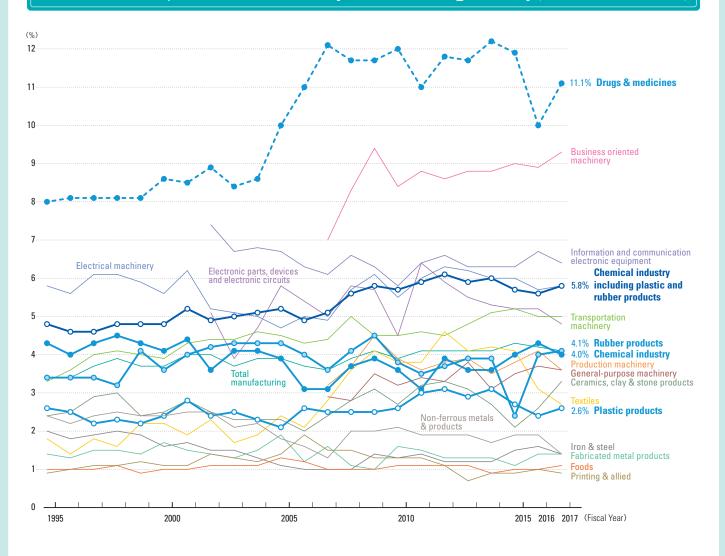
Trend of number of applications for patents by classification (2000-2017)



R&D expenditures of chemical industry in the top four countries in shipment (2016)



Ratio of R&D expenditures to sales by manufacturing industry (FY1995-FY2017)



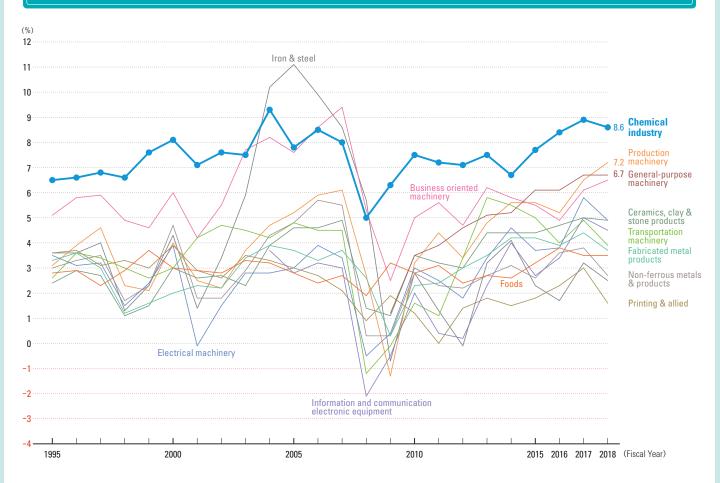
Fiscal year		Every !	ith year	Recent three years				
Industry	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2016	2017	
Chemical industry	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.6	4.0	4.3	4.0	
Drugs & medicines	8.0	8.6	10.0	12.0	11.9	10.0	11.1	
Chemical industry including drugs & medicines	5.3	5.4	5.9	6.4	6.9	6.6	6.7	
Plastic products	2.6	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.6	
Rubber products	3.4	3.6	4.3	3.8	2.4	4.0	4.1	
Chemical industry including plastic and rubber products	4.8	4.8	5.2	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.8	
Foods	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	
Textiles	1.8	2.2	2.4	3.8	4.1	3.1	2.7	
Printing and allied	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.3	0.9	1.0	0.9	
Ceramics, clay & stone products	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.7	2.1	2.6	3.3	
Iron & steel	2.0	1.6	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.4	
Non-ferrous metals & products	2.4	2.4	1.8	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.4	
Fabricated metal products	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.4	
General-purpose machinery	-	-	-	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.6	
Production machinery	-	-	-	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.6	
Business oriented machinery	-	-	-	8.4	9.0	8.9	9.3	
Electrical machinery	5.8	5.6	4.7	5.5	6.0	5.7	5.8	
Information and communication electronic equipment	-	-	6.7	5.8	6.3	6.7	6.4	
Electronic parts devices and electronic circuits	-	-	5.8	4.5	5.2	5.2	4.8	
Transportation machinery	3.3	3.9	4.5	4.5	5.2	5.0	5.0	
Total manufacturing	3.4	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.2	4.1	

(Source) Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications [Survey of Research and Development]

Operating profit margin

Chemical industry is the No. 1 in operating profit margin.

Trend of operating profit margin by manufacturing industry (FY1995-FY2018)



							(%)	
Fiscal year		Every 5	ith year	Recent three years				
Industry	1995	2000	2005	2010	2016	2017	2018	
Chemical industry	6.5	8.1	7.8	7.5	8.4	8.9	8.6	
Foods	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.8	3.5	3.5	
Printing & allied	3.6	3.9	3.0	1.2	2.3	3.0	1.6	
Ceramics, clay & stone products	2.4	3.0	4.6	3.5	4.7	5.0	4.9	
Iron & steel	3.6	4.3	11.1	2.8	1.7	3.2	2.5	
Non-ferrous metals & products	3.0	4.7	4.8	2.8	3.6	3.8	2.7	
Fabricated metal products	3.3	2.0	3.7	2.3	3.9	4.4	3.7	
General-purpose machinery	-	-	_	3.5	6.1	6.7	6.7	
Production machinery	3.1	4.0	5.2	3.2	5.2	6.5	7.2	
Business oriented machinery	5.1	6.0	7.6	5.0	4.9	6.1	6.5	
Electrical machinery	3.5	3.9	3.0	3.0	3.8	5.8	4.9	
Information and communication electronic equipment	-	-	2.8	2.0	3.4	5.0	4.5	
Transportation machinery	2.6	3.0	4.8	1.6	4.0	4.9	3.9	
Total manufacturing	3.3	3.8	4.5	3.2	4.4	5.1	4.6	

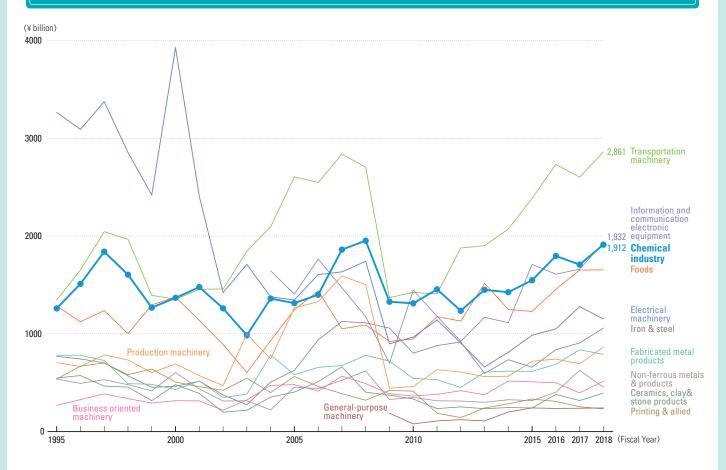
(Source) Ministry of Finance [Financial Statements Statistics of Corporations by Industry]

(Note) Rubber & plastic products are excluded from the chemical industry.



Capital investment of chemical industry amounted to 1.9 trillion yen making it ranked 3rd in manufacturing industries.

Trend of capital investment by manufacturing industry (FY1995-FY2018)



(¥ billion)

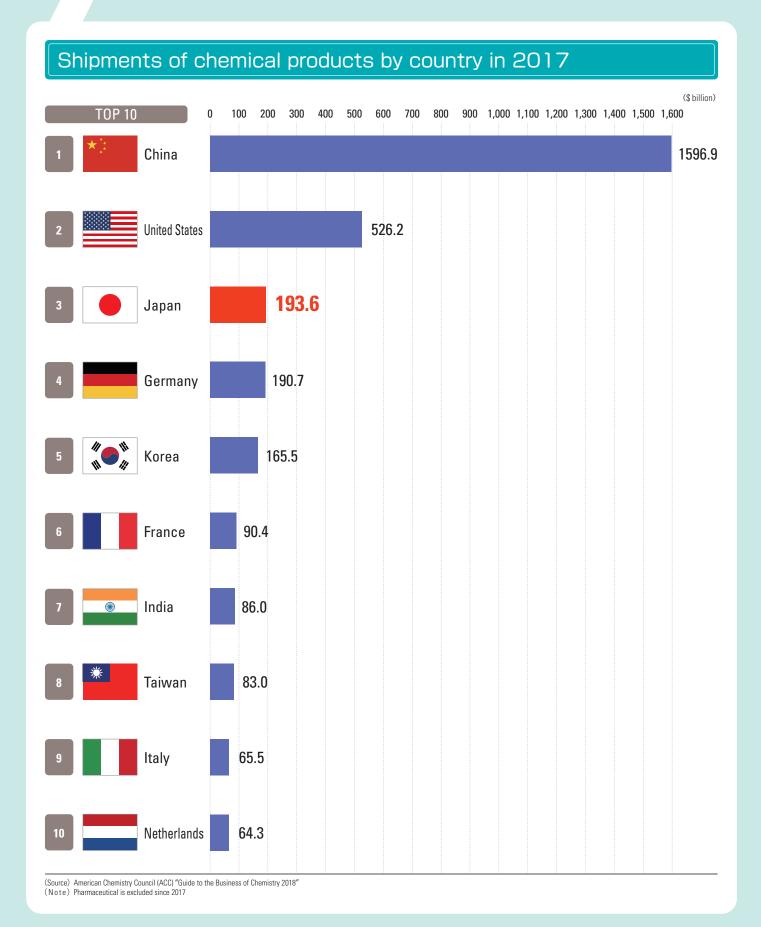
Fiscal year		Every 5	th year		Recent three years					
Industry	1995	2000	2005	2010	2016	2017	20	18		
Chemical industry	1,260	1,368	1,314	1,312	1,796	1,708	1,912	12.0%		
Foods	1,285	1,376	1,246	947	1,455	1,652	1,654	10.3%		
Printing and allied	537	507	563	414	309	254	232	1.5%		
Ceramics, clay & stone products	548	480	404	333	380	318	393	2.5%		
Iron & steel	770	463	627	802	838	907	1,059	6.6%		
Non-ferrous metals & products	537	603	455	350	403	627	454	2.8%		
Fabricated metal products	781	430	582	545	688	837	791	4.9%		
General-purpose machinery	-			78	237	239	242	1.5%		
Production machinery	705	692	1,266	461	742	694	864	5.4%		
Business oriented machinery	268	316	480	364	500	395	515	3.2%		
Electrical machinery	3,265	3,927	1,347	966	1,050	1,279	1,152	7.2%		
Information and communication electronic equipment	-		1,407	1,447	1,610	1,661	1,932	12.1%		
Transportation machinery	1,346	1,352	2,605	1,424	2,734	2,602	2,861	17.9%		
Others	2,545	1,724	2,049	1,828	1,685	1,887	1,937	12.1%		
Total manufacturing	13,849	13,238	14,343	11,272	14,427	15,060	15,998	100.0%		

(Source) Ministry of Finance [Financial Statements Statistics of Corporations by Industry]

(Note) Rubber & plastic products are excluded from the chemical industry.

Shipments by country

Japan ranks 3rd in the world after China and the US.



The world's 30 leading chemical companies

Five Japanese companies are included among the world's leading chemical companies.

The world's 30 leading chemical companies in 2017

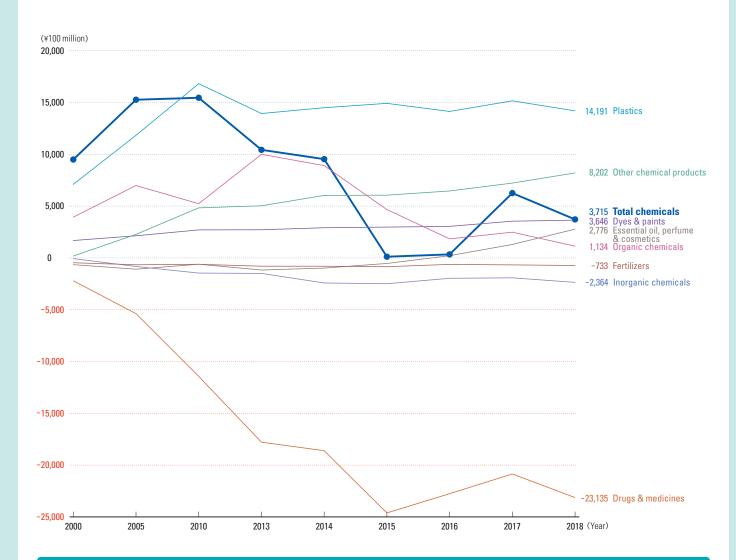
			С	hemical sale	es .	Chemical operating profits			
Ranking	Company	Country	2017 (\$ million)	Change from 2016 (%)	Chemical sales as of total sales	2017 (\$ million)	Change from 2016 (%)	Operating profit margin	
1	BASF	Germany	69,195	11.8%	95.0%	8,452	29.5%	12.2%	
2	Dow DuPont	U.S.	62,484	29.7%	100.0%	4,838	-14.1%	7.7%	
3	Sinopec	China	55,323	31.5%	15.8%	3,993	30.8%	7.2%	
4	SABIC	Saudi Arabia	37,620	5.3%	94.2%	6,367	1.6%	16.9%	
5	Ineos	England	34,635	26.8%	100.0%	4,520	27.0%	13.0%	
6	Formosa Plasticse	Taiwan	32,118	14.1%	65.3%	4,831	44.6%	15.0%	
7	ExxonMobil	U.S.	28,694	10.1%	12.1%	5,544	-6.3%	19.3%	
8	LyondellBasell Industries	Netherlands	28,319	15.0%	82.1%	5,980	6.1%	21.1%	
9	Mitsubishi Chemical	Japan	26,422	12.6%	79.5%	2,670	43.3%	10.1%	
10	LG Chem	South Korea	23,217	24.8%	100.0%	2,594	47.0%	11.2%	
11	Air Liquide	France	22,617	13.3%	98.4%	2,147	9.9%	9.5%	
12	Reliance Industries	India	17,555	31.9%	26.5%	3,255	63.0%	18.5%	
13	DuPonte,h	U.S.	17,281	-25.5%	100.0%	2,706	-25.0%	15.7%	
14	Linde	Germany	16,938	0.6%	87.6%	2,426	-3.1%	14.3%	
15	Toray Industries	Japan	16,903	8.8%	85.9%	1,468	7.9%	8.7%	
16	AkzoNobel	Netherlands	16,471	2.7%	100.0%	1,578	-8.1%	9.6%	
17	Evonik Industries	Germany	16,294	13.3%	100.0%	1,804	2.4%	11.1%	
18	Covestro	Germany	15,977	18.8%	100.0%	3,077	116.1%	19.3%	
19	Braskem	Brazil	15,437	3.3%	100.0%	3,071	1.9%	19.9%	
20	PPG Industries	U.S.	14,750	3.4%	100.0%	2,063	-12.4%	14.0%	
21	Sumitomo Chemical	Japan	14,572	12.2%	74.6%	1,517	88.4%	10.4%	
22	Lotte Chemical	South Korea	14,060	20.0%	100.0%	2,595	15.2%	18.5%	
23	Shin-Etsu Chemical	Japan	12,858	16.5%	100.0%	3,005	41.2%	23.4%	
24	Solvay	Belgium	12,308	-4.5%	100.0%	1,536	3.0%	12.5%	
25	Mitsui Chemicals	Japan	11,851	9.6%	100.0%	923	1.3%	7.8%	
26	Praxair	U.S.	11,437	8.6%	100.0%	2,498	7.9%	21.8%	
27	Yara	Norway	11,347	-3.5%	100.0%	457	-56.9%	4.0%	
28	Lanxess	Germany	10,921	25.5%	100.0%	751	23.4%	6.9%	
29	Bayer	Germany	10,823	-3.4%	27.4%	1,857	-13.4%	17%	
30	DSM	Netherlands	9,755	9.0%	100.0%	965	28.4%	9.9%	

(Source) Chemical and Engineering News (Note) Drugs & medicines are excluded.1

Trade balance

Trade surplus in 2018 amounts to 3,715 hundred million yen.

Trade balance of chemicals by product (2000-2018)



Exports and imports of chemicals (2000-2018)

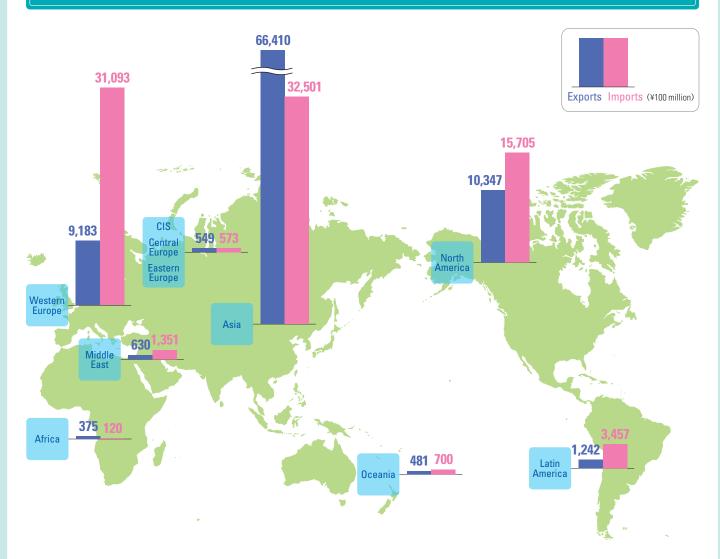
(¥100 million)

	Exports						Imports						
Ev	Every 5th year Recent three years		Articles	Ev	ery 5th ye	ar	Recent three years						
2000	2005	2010	2016	2017	2018		2000	2005	2010	2016	2017	2018	
100	121	128	113	140	135	Fertilizers	570	783	745	739	814	868	
2,221	3,109	3,772	3,898	4,966	6,163	Inorganic chemicals	2,287	3,935	5,237	5,866	6,888	8,527	
11,927	18,832	18,728	16,822	19,566	20,513	Organic chemicals	7,993	11,843	13,496	14,984	17,085	19,379	
10,575	17,157	23,360	22,717	25,112	25,574	Plastics	3,476	5,324	6,542	8,580	9,949	11,383	
2,626	3,323	4,048	4,524	5,125	5,338	Dyes & paints	948	1,187	1,343	1,480	1,581	1,692	
2,944	3,677	3,787	4,901	5,593	6,487	Drugs & medicines	5,149	9,060	15,226	27,660	26,449	29,622	
1,292	1,820	2,479	4,341	5,738	7,533	Essential oil, perfume & cosmetics	1,944	2,909	3,087	4,128	4,439	4,757	
6,361	10,442	12,950	13,922	15,684	17,473	Other chemical products	6,183	8,172	8,119	7,461	8,461	9,271	
38,047	58,480	69,253	71,238	81,924	89,215	Total chemicals	28,550	43,212	53,794	70,898	75,666	85,500	

(Source) Ministry of Finance [Trade Statistics]

Exports and imports of chemicals by region

Exports and imports of chemicals by region in 2018



Export and imports of chemicals by region (2000-2018)

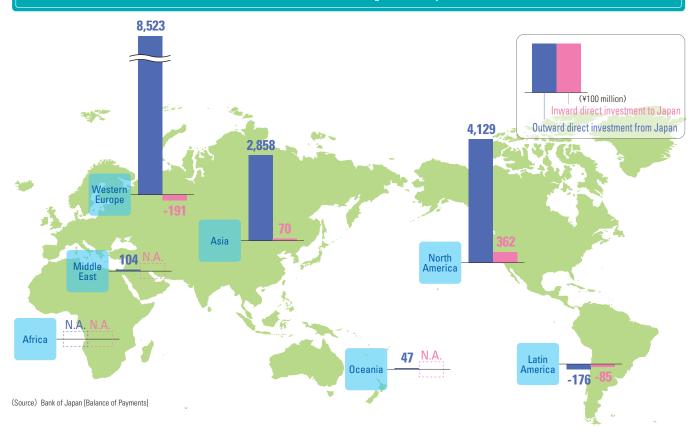
(¥100 million)

	Exports						Imports						
E	Every 5th year Recent three years		Region	Region Every 5th y		h year Re		cent three years					
2000	2005	2010	2016	2017	2018		2000	2005	2010	2016	2017	2018	
22,742	40,150	51,799	52,956	61,561	66,410	Asia	6,414	12,974	17,474	24,334	27,475	32,501	
224	364	580	579	608	630	Middle East	521	692	652	696	921	1,351	
5,948	7,609	7,084	7,087	8,169	9,183	Western Europe	12,065	17,398	21,413	28,480	28,621	31,093	
7,065	7,743	6,824	8,309	9,080	10,347	North America	8,198	9,364	11,190	13,189	14,272	15,705	
1,402	1,629	1,819	1,156	1,194	1,242	Latin America	694	1,790	2,013	3,019	3,097	3,457	
163	196	278	345	367	375	Africa	54	177	128	110	86	120	
419	586	494	426	452	481	Oceania	457	520	595	665	664	700	
84	204	374	380	494	549	CIS,Central Europe,Eastern Europe	147	298	330	406	529	573	
38,047	58,480	69,253	71,238	81,924	89,215	Total	28,550	43,212	53,794	70,898	75,666	85,500	

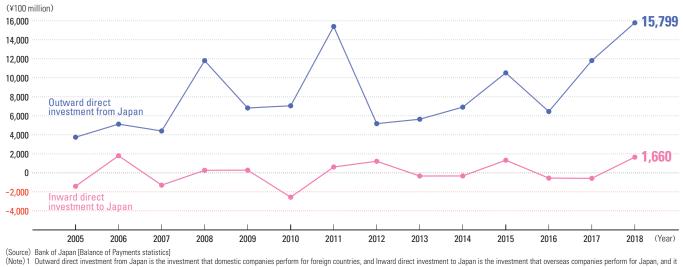
(Source) Ministry of Finance [Trade Statistics]

Outward/inward direct investments

Outward direct investment of Japanese chemical industry and inward direct investment to chemical industry in Japan in 2018



Actual outward direct investment of Japanese chemical industry and inward direct investment to chemical industry in Japan (2005-2018)

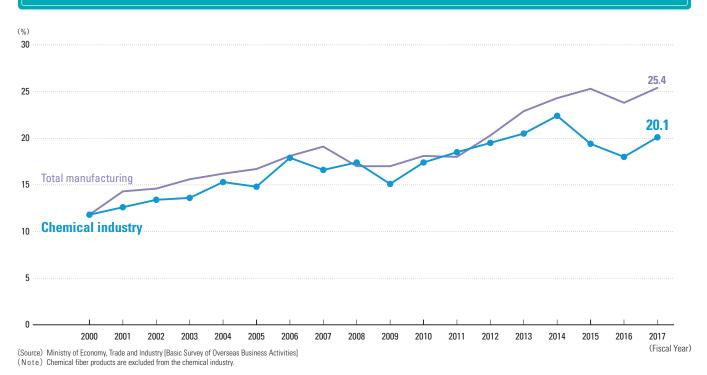


- Outward direct investment from Japan is the investment that domestic companies perform for foreign countries, and Inward direct investment to Japan is the investment that overseas companies perform for Japan, and it shows minus in case of withdrawal and collection of the investment.

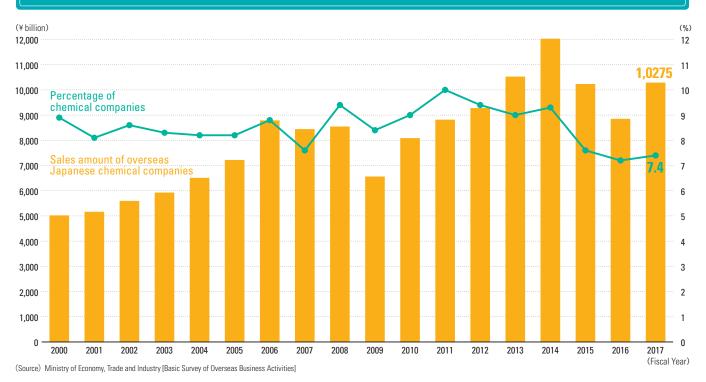
 Because Balance of Payments statistics have been based on the BPM6 since January 2014, sign of "outward direct investment" was changed from minus figures to plus figures retroactively to the past.
- 3 Drugs & medicines are included in the chemical industry.

Ratio of overseas production/Sales of overseas subsidiary companies

Trend of overseas production of Japanese companies (FY2000-2017)



Sales of Japanese chemical companies based overseas and its percentage of all overseas Japanese manufacturing companies' sales (FY2000-2017)



JCIA Index that shows 'the current state" of Japanese chemical industry

Shipping index of Main Chemicals

[2016]



This index is based on the "Current Survey of Production" published by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. JCIA selected 33 items closely related to the chemical industry in nine fields (plastic, plasticizer, synthetic fiber raw material, synthetic rubber, paint, surfactant, synthetic dye / pigment, chemical fertilizer, inorganic) and an index was created based on the domestic total shipment value excluding the impact of the inventory of major chemical products.

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Production index Key User Customer Industries





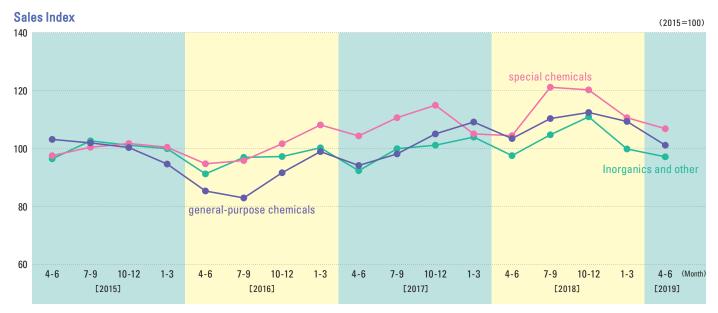
The total production value of major products in domestic each industry based on data published by customer association of chemical industry (such as automobiles, electrical, electronics, plastic products, rubber, chemical fibers) is reflected to the index in view of the impact of each industry on the chemical industry.

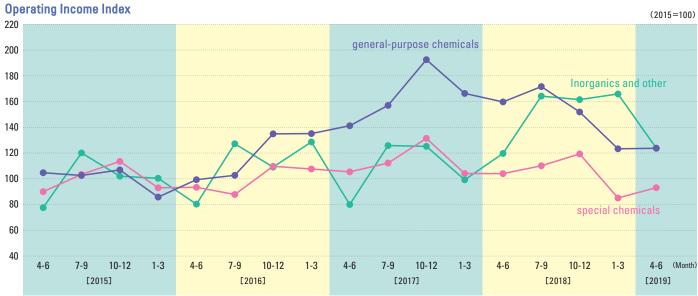
The chemical industry covers a wide range of fields, including petrochemicals, synthetic fibers, synthetic rubber, paints, and pharmaceuticals. So far, we have been able to explain the management status of individual chemical companies to society, however there were no published figures showing the current state of Japanese chemical industry as a whole. Therefor JCIA created the JCIA Index and published in 2017 as an indicator of showing the current status of the entire Japanese chemical industry, so that everyone in society became to be able to recognize

about the current status of Japanese chemical industry. This index consists of the "Shipping index of Main Chemicals" indicating the shipment status of major chemical products in domestic chemical industry, the "Production index Key User Customer Industries" indicating the production status of customers in domestic chemical industry, and the "Corporate earnings index" indicating the consolidated performance of chemical companies. The latest JCIA Index is made public with the base table for the index on the JCIA website every month, so anyone can see it.

3 Corporate earnings index

You can read the relationship with the consolidated performance of chemical companies by reading together with the Shipping index of Main Chemicals.

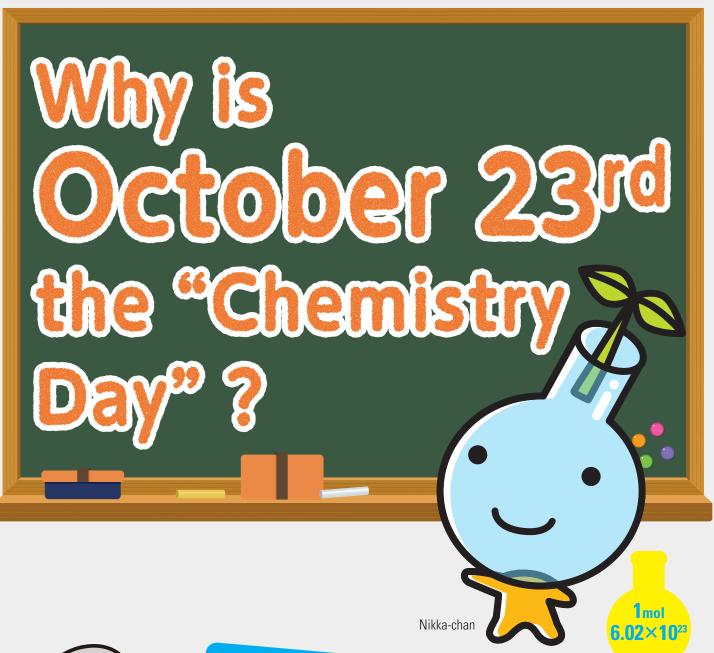




This index is categorized as "general-purpose chemicals", "special chemicals" and "Inorganics and other" based on summary of quarterly consolidated financial statements of 30 major chemical companies.

JCIA index is







The four associations, namely, the Chemical Society of Japan (CSJ), the Society of Chemical Engineers, Japan (SCEJ), Japan Association for Chemical Innovation(JACI), and Japan Chemical Industry Association(JCIA) have instituted that October 23rd is the "Chemistry Day", in association with the Avogadro's Number (6.02 × 10²³), which is a basic measuring unit in chemistry.

Chemistry Day was created as a way to foster interest in chemistry.

